

$i = 0,5\%$

$5000(1,005)^t = 6500$  (*espresso in Trimestri*)

$(1,005)^t = \frac{6500}{5000}$   
 $(1,005)^t = 1,3$

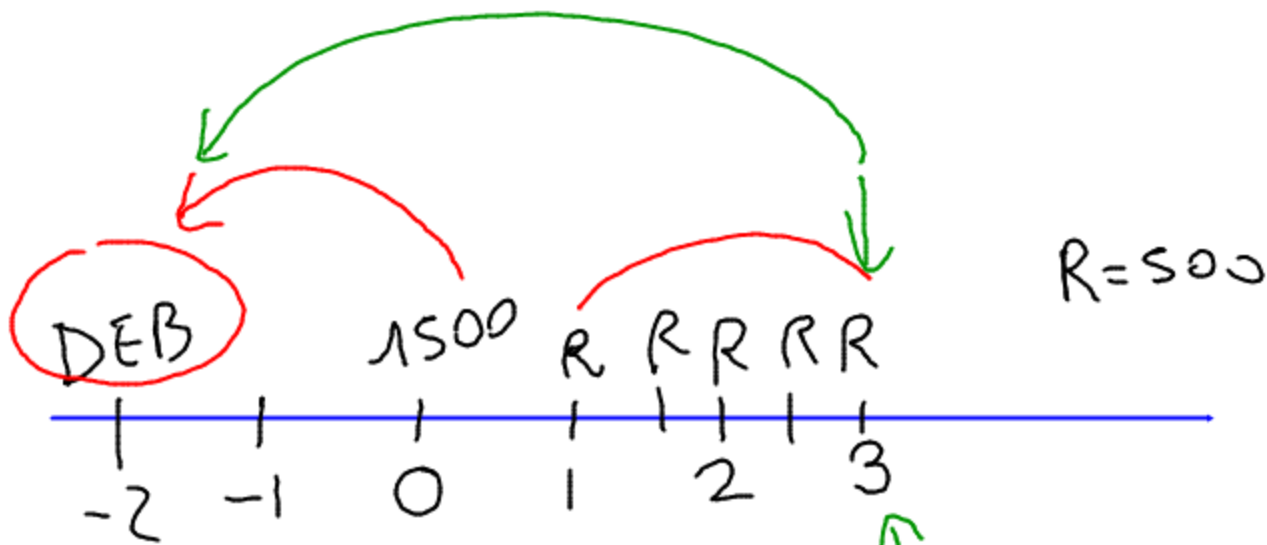
$t = \log_{1,005} 1,3 = \frac{\log_{10} 1,3}{\log_{10} 1,005}$   
 $t = 52,604$  TRIMESTRI

Potrò ritirare 6500€  
 tra 13 anni, 1 mese e  
 24 giorni.

$\frac{52,604}{4} = 13,15 \quad 13^A$   
 $0,15 \cdot 12 = 1,8 \quad 1^m$   
 $0,8 \cdot 30 = 24 \quad 24gg$

$n = 12$

1500



$i_2 = 0,04$   
 $i_2 = 0,02$

$V_{-2} = 1500(1+i_2)^{-4}$

$1500(1,02)^{-4} = 1385,768139$

$m = R \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i} = 500 \cdot \frac{(1,02)^5 - 1}{0,02} = 2602,02008$

$V_{-2} = 2602,02 \cdot (1,02)^{-10} = 2134,56$

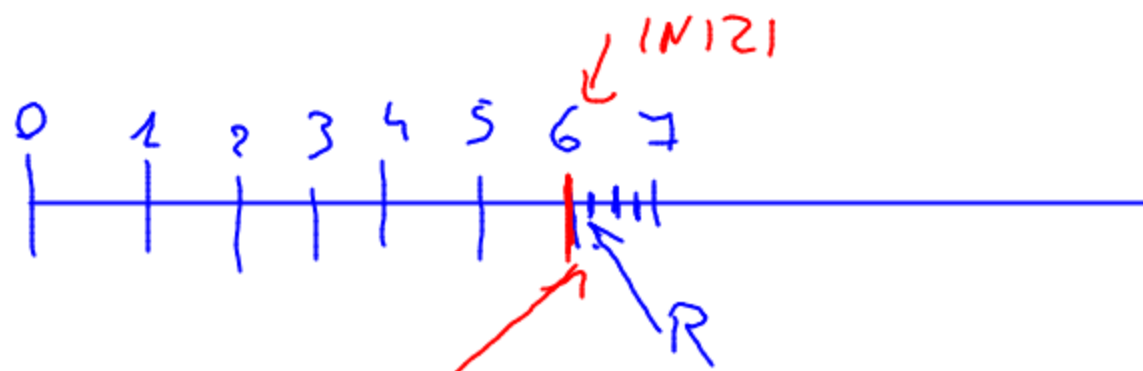
$DEB = 1385,77 + 2134,56 = 3520,33$

$N^\circ 6$

$V_A = ?$

$C_A$

$R = 2500$



$i = 0,03$

$i_4 = 0,007417$

$\frac{R}{i} = V. att. di una rendita perpetua POST.$

$V_6 = \frac{2500}{0,007417} =$

$= 337.063,23$

$V_0 = V_6(1,03)^{-6} = 282.280,38$

